

Rootkit Features:

Directory Hiding

- `ls /tmp` and `ls /dev/shm` do not show secret. Other entries are unaffected
- Implemented via a kretprobe on `getdents64`, filtering out any entries of protected paths (modify the `prev d_reclen` to `prev d_reclen + hidden d_reclen`)

Process hiding

- Designated processes are invisible to `ps`, `top`, `ls /proc` and anything reading `/proc`.
- All processes with GID 1337 are blocked and other processes can be blocked via PID
- Implemented via a kretprobe on `getdents64`, filtering out reads from `/proc` that match a protected pid or a process with the protected GID

Path protection with traversal handling

- Prevents opens of any file within `/tmp/secret` and `/dev/shm/secret`
- Implemented via an `ftrace` hook on `sys_openat2` that checks for the hidden dirs using `strstr`

Operator Bypass

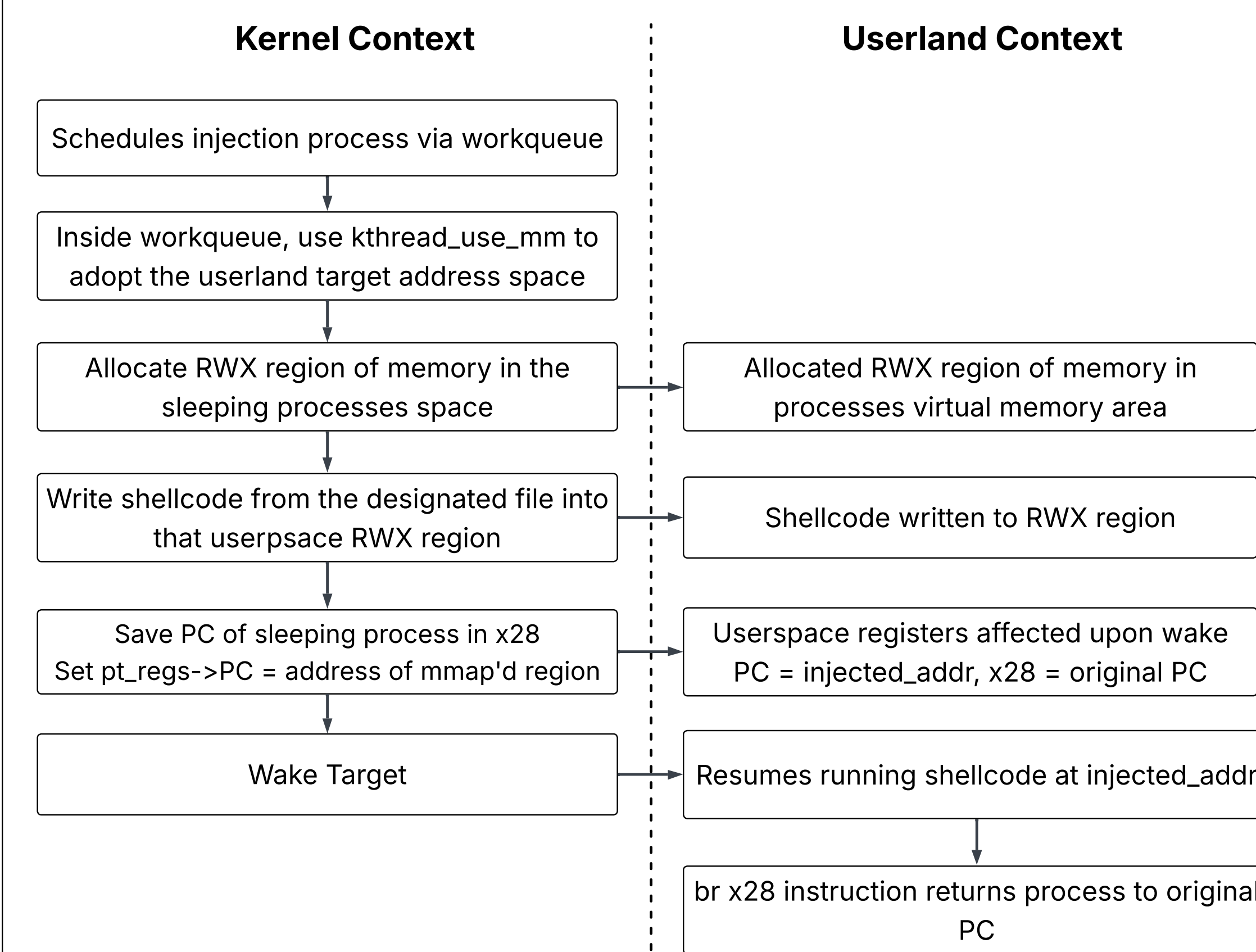
- Any process with GID 1337 can bypass viewing hidden files, directories, and processes
- Implemented via `has_magic_gid` helper, checking if the current calling process has GID 1337

Reverse Shell Spawning

- Spawns a reverse shell back to our C2 operator on port 4445
- Implemented via a `call_usermodehelper` that simply runs a `bash` command that redirects `stdin` and `stdout` to `/dev/tcp/C2_IP/4445`.
- Also includes PTY upgrade trick that allows terminal to run `clear`, `^C`, etc.

Kernel to User-space Shellcode injection

- Can inject shellcode into a sleeping process given their PID, keeping the process alive

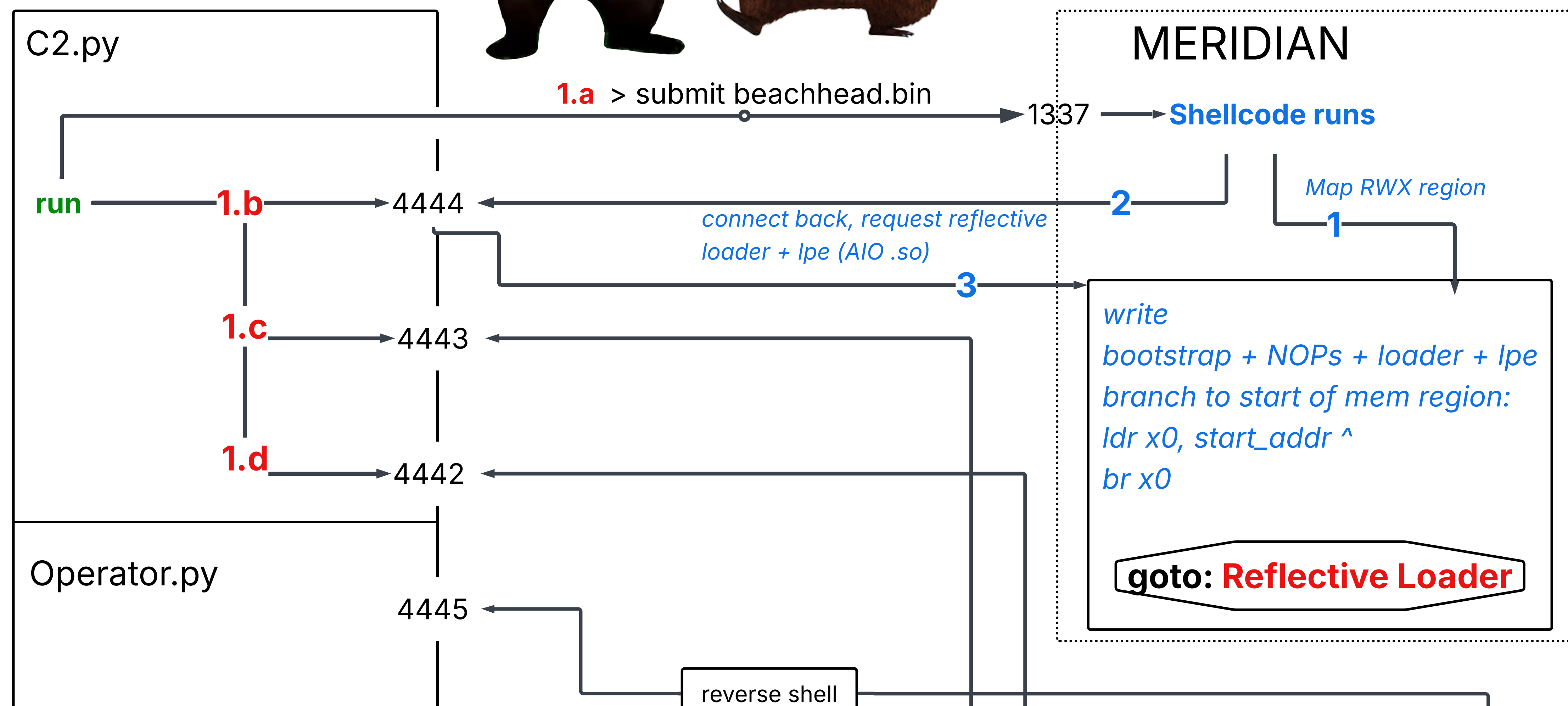


Module Hiding

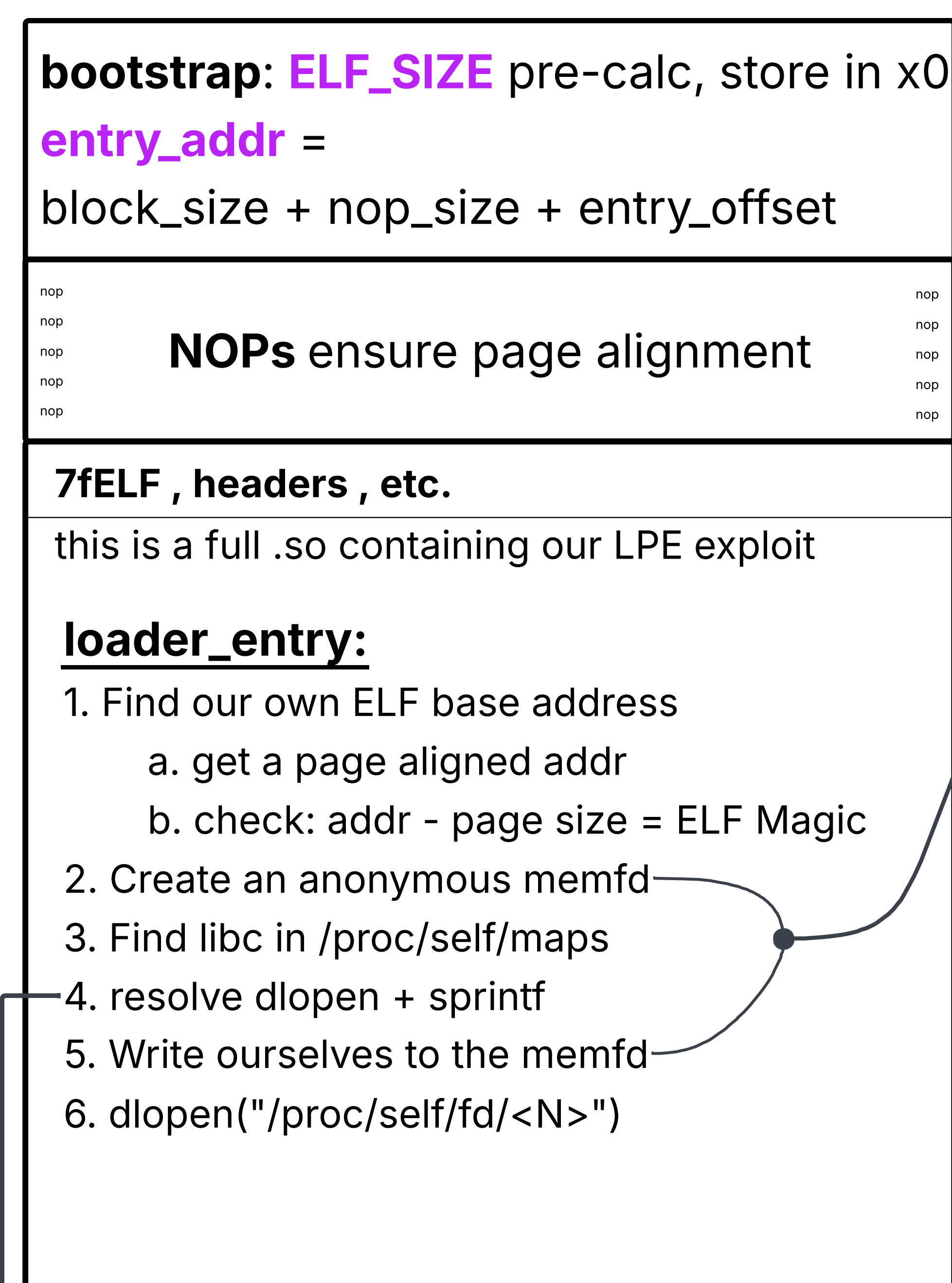
- Rootkit does not appear in `lsmod` or `/proc/modules`
- Implemented by unlinking from the kernel module doubly-linked list

Cleanup

- `rmmmod` deletes the directories `/tmp/secret` and `/dev/shm/secret` from the disk before removing itself

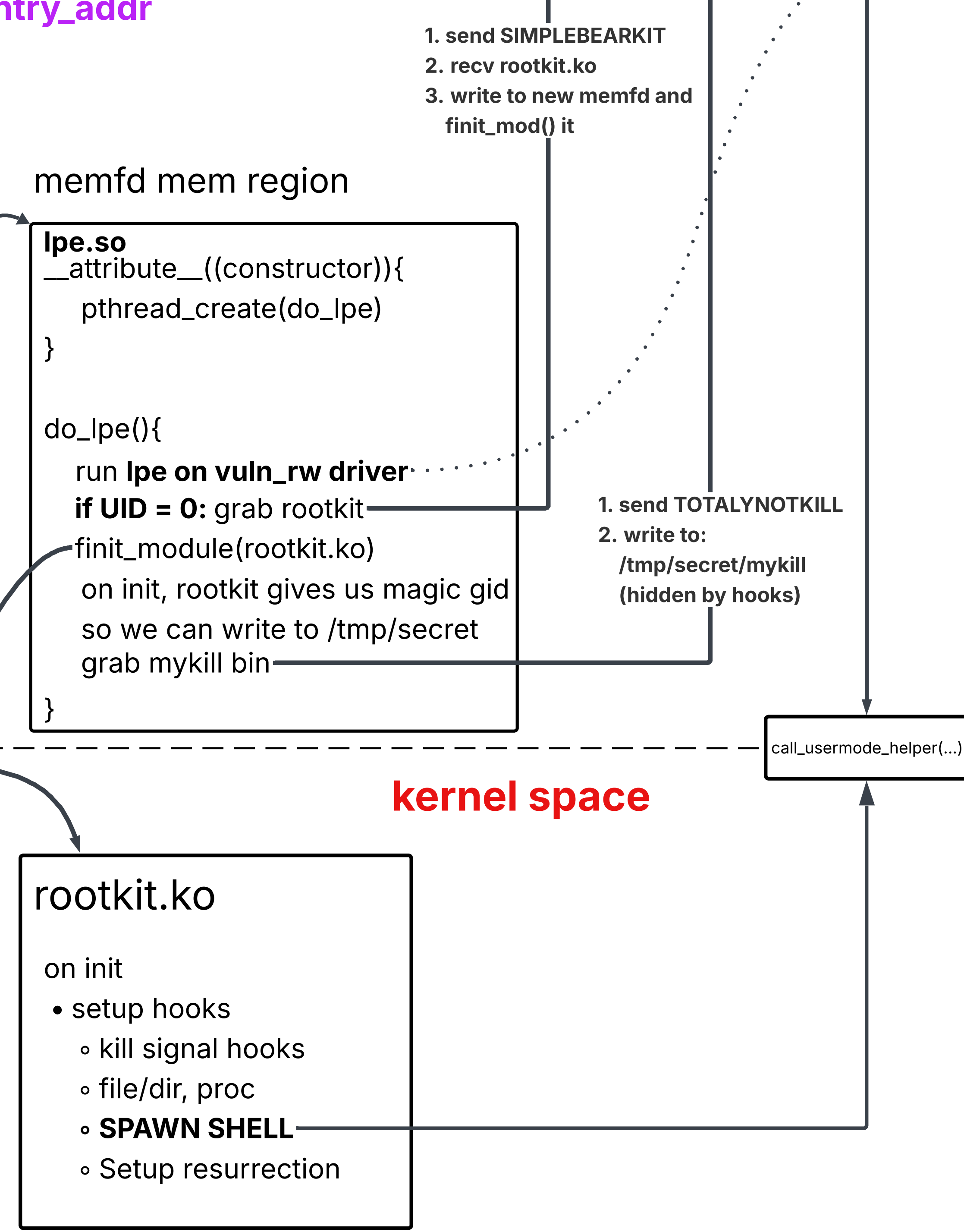


Reflective Loader:

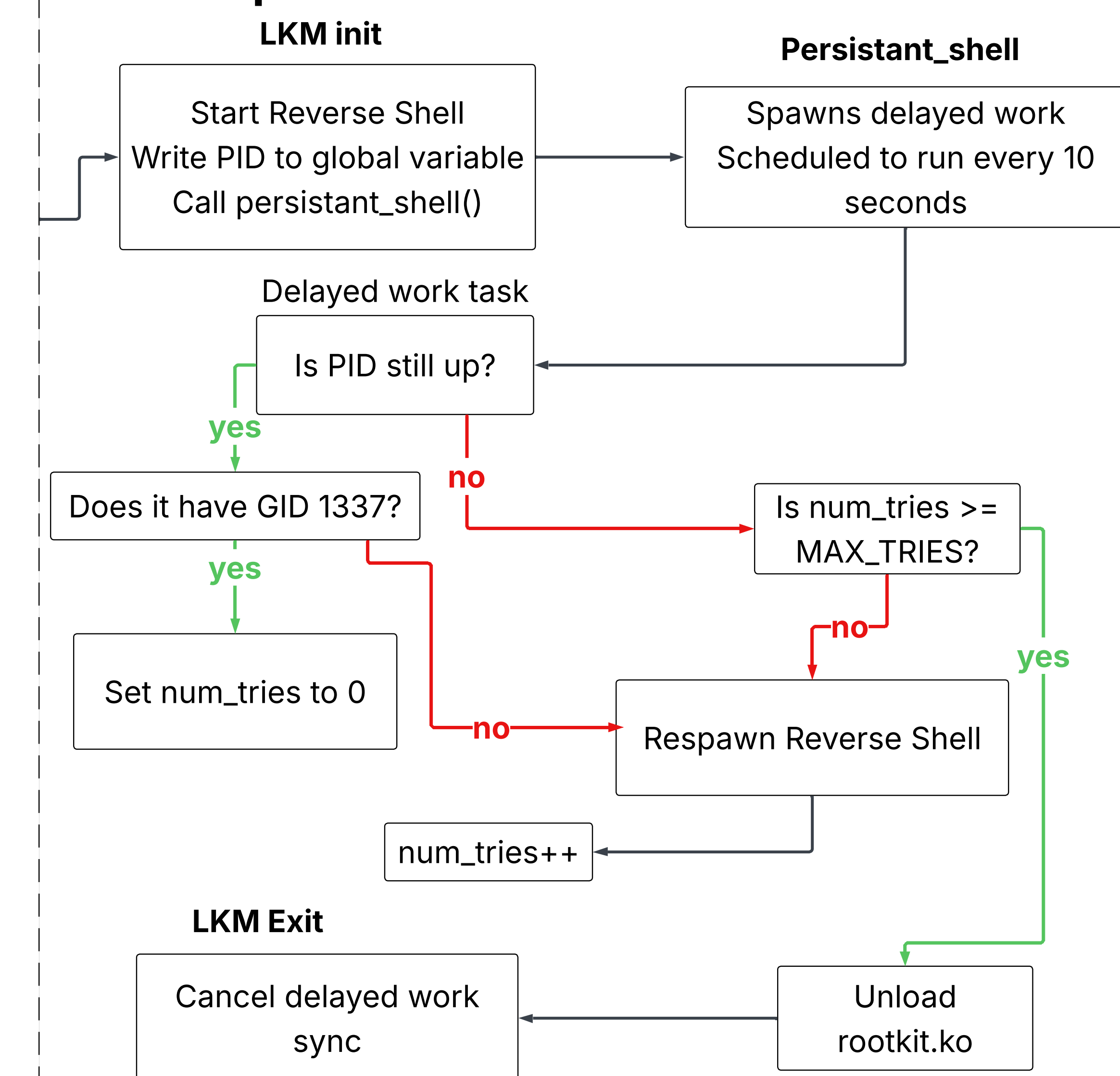


resolve libc symbols:

- walk libc program headers to get `PT_DYNAMIC`
- walk dyn table and get `DT_SYMTAB, DT_STRTAB, DT_STRSZ`
- loop `syntab[i].st_name`, get byte offset into `strtab`
- check: `strcmp(strtab + syntab[i].st_name, target)`
- on match: `return (void *) (libc base + syntab[i]->st_value)`



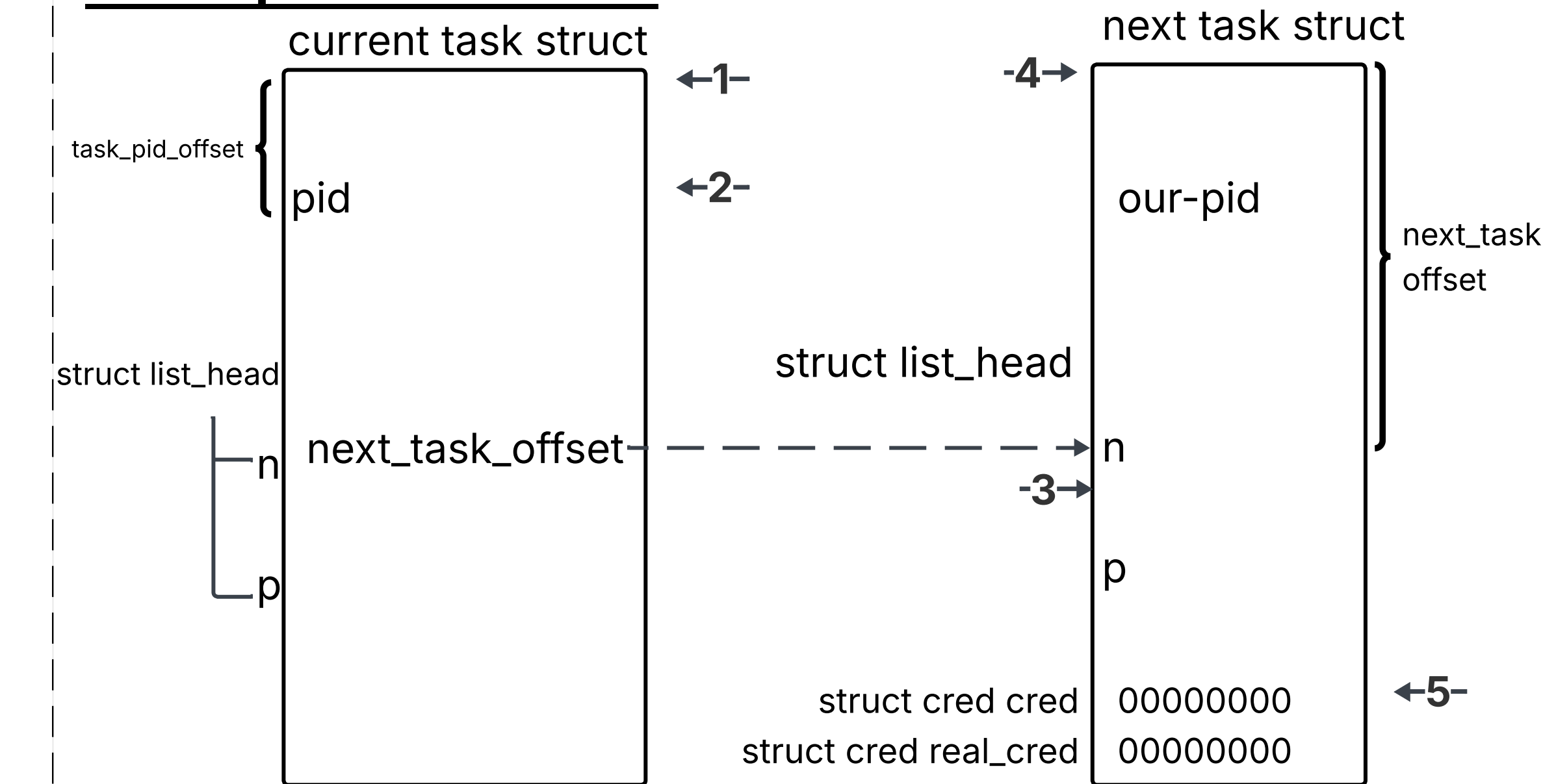
Special Feature Operator Resurrection



Covert C2 Communication

- Wraps the `kill` syscall to issue commands to the rootkit without a network connection
- Supports:
 - Query status
 - Toggle directory hiding
 - Toggle file access blocking
 - Toggle process hiding
 - Mark a PID as hidden
 - Assign GID 1337 to a process by PID
 - Trigger shellcode injection given a binary
 - Toggle module hiding
 - Spawn a reverse shell

LPE exploit on vuln_rw



- current = first task in doubly linked list
- do {
 - pid = cur + pid_offset
 - is it our pid?
- next_task = cur + next_task_offset
- cur = next_task - next_task_offset
- } while (cur != Init_task)
- Once we have the task, 0 out cred_structs cred, real_cred using offsets

Limitations

- Module Hiding - incomplete:
- What works: unlinking from the kernel module doubly-linked list hides the rootkit from `lsmod` and `/proc/modules`
 - What doesn't: the `kobject` entry in `sysfs` is not removed, so `/sys/module/rootkit/` still exists and is visible
 - Why: In order to get this working we would have to delete the `kobject` from the kernel's bookkeeping, dealing with parents and references that come from that